WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

House Bill 2607

BY DELEGATES HILL, HOWELL, ROWAN, STAGGERS AND

JEFFRIES D.

[Originating in the Committee on Health and Human

Resources; January 29, 2019.]

A BILL to repeal §16-5C-16 and §16-5C-17 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to
amend and reenact §16-5C-2, §16-5C-4, §16-5C-5, §16-5C-6, §16-5C-7, §16-5C-8, §165C-9, §16-5C-9a, §16-5C-10, §16-5C-11, §16-5C-12, §16-5C-12a, §16-5C-13, §16-5C4 14, §16-5C-15, §16-5C-18, §16-5C-20, §16-5C-21, and §16-5C-22 of said code, all
relating to the licensure of nursing homes; repealing duplicative sections of code; defining
terms; clarifying rule requirements; and clarifying enforcement action and due process
procedures.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 5C. NURSING HOMES.

§16-5C-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:

2 "Deficiency" means a nursing home's failure to meet the requirements specified in §16-

3 5C-1 *et seq.* of this code and rules promulgated thereunder.

4 "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Resources.

5 "Director" means the secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources or his

6 or her designee director of the office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification.

7 "Distance learning technologies" means computer-centered technologies delivered over

8 the internet, broadcasts, recordings, instructional videos, or videoconferencing.

9 "Household" means a private home or residence which is separate from or unattached to10 a nursing home.

"Immediate jeopardy" means a situation in which the nursing home's noncompliance with
one or more of the provisions of this article or rules promulgated thereunder has caused or is
likely to cause serious harm, impairment or death to a resident.

14 "Nursing home" or "facility" means any institution, residence or place, or any part or unit 15 thereof, however named, in this state which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the 16 ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose

of providing accommodations and care, for a period of more than 24 hours, for four or more persons who are ill or otherwise incapacitated and in need of extensive, ongoing nursing care due to physical or mental impairment or which provides services for the rehabilitation of persons who are convalescing from illness or incapacitation.

21 The care or treatment in a household, whether for compensation or not, of any person 22 related by blood or marriage, within the degree of consanguinity of second cousin to the head of 23 the household, or his or her spouse, may not be deemed to constitute a nursing home within the 24 meaning of this article. Nothing contained in this article applies to nursing homes operated by the 25 federal government; or extended care facilities operated in conjunction with a hospital; or 26 institutions operated for the treatment and care of alcoholic patients; or offices of physicians; or 27 hotels, boarding homes or other similar places that furnish to their guests only room and board; 28 or to homes or asylums operated by fraternal orders pursuant to §35-3-1 et seq. of this code.

"Nursing care" means those procedures commonly employed in providing for the physical, emotional and <u>rehabilitational rehabilitation</u> needs of the ill or otherwise incapacitated which require technical skills and knowledge beyond that which the untrained person possesses, including, but not limited to, such procedures as: Irrigations, catheterization, special procedure contributing to rehabilitation, and administration of medication by any method which involves a level of complexity and skill in administration not possessed by the untrained person.

35 <u>"Person" means an individual and every form of organization, whether incorporated or</u>
 36 <u>unincorporated, including any partnership, corporation, trust, association, or political subdivision</u>
 37 of the state.

38 "Resident" means an individual living in a nursing home.

39 "Review organization" means any committee or organization engaging in peer review or 40 quality assurance, including, but not limited to, a medical audit committee, a health insurance 41 review committee, a professional health service plan review committee or organization, a dental 42 review committee, a physician's advisory committee, a podiatry advisory committee, a nursing

advisory committee, any committee or organization established pursuant to a medical assistance
program, any committee or organization established or required under state or federal statutes,
rules or regulations, and any committee established by one or more state or local professional
societies or institutes, to gather and review information relating to the care and treatment of
residents for the purposes of:

Evaluating and improving the quality of health care rendered; reducing morbidity or mortality; or establishing and enforcing guidelines designed to keep within reasonable bounds the cost of health care.

51 <u>"Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources or</u>
52 his or her designee.

53 "Sponsor" means the person or agency legally responsible for the welfare and support of54 a resident.

⁴Person" means an individual and every form of organization, whether incorporated or
 unincorporated, including any partnership, corporation, trust, association or political subdivision
 of the state

58 "Substantial compliance" means a level of compliance with the rules such that no
59 deficiencies exist or such that identified deficiencies pose no greater risk to resident health or
60 safety than the potential for causing minimal harm.

61 The director secretary may define in the rules any term used herein which is not expressly 62 defined.

§16-5C-4. Administrative and inspection staff.

1 The director secretary may, at such time or times as he or she may deem necessary, 2 employ such administrative employees, inspectors, or other persons as may be necessary to 3 properly carry out the provisions of this article. All employees of the department shall be members 4 of the state civil service system and surveyors inspectors shall be trained to perform their assigned 5 duties. Such inspectors and other employees as may be duly designated by the director secretary

shall act as the director's secretary's representatives and, under the direction of the director
<u>secretary</u>, shall enforce the provisions of this article and all duly promulgated regulations and, in
the discharge of official duties, shall have the right of entry into any place maintained as a nursing
home.

§16-5C-5. Rules; minimum standards for nursing homes.

(a) All rules shall be proposed for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of
 §29A-3-1 *et seq*. of this code. The director secretary shall recommend the adoption, amendment
 or repeal of such rules as may be necessary or proper to carry out the purposes and intent of this
 article.

5 (b) The director secretary shall recommend rules establishing minimum standards of 6 operation of nursing homes including, but not limited to, the following:

7 (1) Administrative policies, including:

8 (A) an affirmative statement of the right of access to nursing homes by members of 9 recognized community organizations and community legal services programs whose purposes 10 include rendering assistance without charge to residents, consistent with the right of residents to 11 privacy; and

(B) a statement of the rights and responsibilities of residents in nursing homes which
prescribe, as a minimum, such a statement of residents' rights as included in the United States
Department of Health and Human Services regulations, in force on the effective date of this article,
governing participation of nursing homes in the Medicare and Medicaid programs pursuant to 42
U.S.C.A. §§ 1395 *et seg.* and 1396 *et seg.*;

- 17 (C) the process to be followed by applicants seeking a license;
- 18 (D) the clinical, medical, resident, and business records to be kept by the nursing home;
- 19 (E) the procedures and inspections for the review of utilization and quality of resident care;

20 <u>and</u>

21	(F) the procedures for informal dispute resolution, independent informal dispute resolution,
22	and administrative due process, and when such remedies are available;
23	(2) Minimum numbers of administrators, medical directors, nurses, aides and other
24	personnel according to the occupancy of the facility;
25	(3) Qualifications of the facility's administrators, medical directors, nurses, aides, and other
26	personnel;
27	(4) Safety requirements;
28	(5) Sanitation requirements;
29	(6) Personal services to be provided;
30	(7) Dietary services to be provided;
31	(8) Medical records;
32	(9) Social and recreational activities to be made available;
33	(10) Pharmacy services;
34	(11) Nursing services;
35	(12) Medical services;
36	(13) Physical facility;
37	(14) Resident rights;
38	(15) Visitation privileges that:
39	(A) Permit immediate access to a resident, subject to the resident's right to deny or
40	withdraw consent at any time, by immediate family or other relatives of the resident;
41	(B) Permit immediate access to a resident, subject to reasonable restrictions and the
42	resident's right to deny or withdraw consent at any time, by others who are visiting with the
43	consent of the resident; and
44	(C) Permit access to other specific persons or classes of persons consistent with state
45	and federal law; <u>and</u>
46	(16) Admission, transfer and discharge rights.

47 (c) To ensure compliance with §29A-3-11(b)(3), the secretary shall amend his or her
 48 legislative rule to exempt federally certified Medicare and Medicaid nursing facilities from
 49 provisions addressed in the federal regulations.

50 (c) (d) The director shall permit the nonclinical instruction portions of a nurse aide training 51 program approved by the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification to be provided 52 through distance learning technologies.

§16-5C-6. License required; application; fees; duration; renewal.

Subject to the provisions of section seventeen of this article No person may establish, operate, maintain, offer, or advertise a nursing home within this state unless and until he or she obtains a valid license therefor as hereinafter provided, which license remains unsuspended, unrevoked, and unexpired. No public official or employee may place any person in, or recommend that any person be placed in, or directly or indirectly cause any person to be placed in, any nursing home, as defined in §16-5C-2 of this code, which is being operated without a valid license from the director secretary. The procedure for obtaining a license is as follows:

8 (a) The applicant shall submit an application to the director on a form to be prescribed by 9 the <u>director secretary</u>, containing such information as may be necessary to show that the applicant 10 is in compliance with the standards for nursing homes, as established by this article and the rules 11 lawfully promulgated hereunder. The application and any exhibits thereto shall provide the 12 following information:

- 13 (1) The name and address of the applicant;
- 14 (2) The name, address, and principal occupation:

(A) Of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest of 10
percent or more in the applicant;

17 (B) Of each officer and director of a corporate applicant;

18 (C) Of each trustee and beneficiary of an applicant which is a trust; and

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20 the name, address, and principal occupation of each officer and director of the corporation; 21 (3) The name and address of the owner of the premises of the nursing home or proposed 22 nursing home, if he or she is a different person from the applicant, and in such case, the name 23 and address: 24 (A) Of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest 10 25 percent or more in the owner; 26 (B) Of each officer and director of a corporate applicant; and 27 (C) Of each trustee and applicant, the name, address, and principal occupation of each 28 officer and director of the corporation; 29 (4) Where the applicant is the lessee or the assignee of the nursing home or the premises 30 of the proposed nursing home, a signed copy of the lease and any assignment thereof; 31 (5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing 32 home; 33 (6) A description of the nursing home to be operated; 34 (7) The bed quota of the nursing home; as determined by the health care cost review 35 authority 36 (8) (A) An organizational plan for the nursing home indicating the number of persons 37 employed or to be employed and the positions and duties of all employees; 38 (B) (9) The name and address of the individual who is to serve as administrator; and 39 (C) (10) Such evidence of compliance with applicable laws and rules governing zoning. 40 buildings, safety, fire prevention, and sanitation as the director secretary may require; 41 (9) (11) A listing of other states in which the applicant owns, operates, or manages a 42 nursing home or long-term care facility; 43 (10) (12) Such additional information as the director secretary may require; and

(D) Where a corporation has a proprietary interest of 25 percent or more in an applicant,

44 (11) (13) Assurances that the nursing home is in compliance with the provisions of §1645 20-1 *et seq.* of this code.

46 (b) Upon receipt and review of an application for license made pursuant to §16-5C-6(a)
47 of this code, and inspection of the applicant nursing home pursuant to <u>§16-5C-9 and</u> §16-5C-10
48 of this code, the director secretary shall issue a license if he or she finds:

(1) That an individual applicant, and every partner, trustee, officer, director, and controlling
person of an applicant which is not an individual, is a person responsible and suitable to operate
or to direct or participate in the operation of a nursing home by virtue of financial capacity,
appropriate business or professional experience, a record of compliance with lawful orders of the
department, if any, and lack of revocation of a license during the previous five years or consistent
poor performance in other states;

(2) That the facility is under the supervision of an administrator who is licensed pursuant
to the provisions of §30-25-1 *et seq.* of this code; and

57 (3) That the facility is in substantial compliance with standards established pursuant to 58 §16-5C-5 of this code, and such other requirements for a license as may be established by rule 59 under this article.

Any license granted issued by the director secretary shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is granted issued, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Such licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed 15 months for nursing homes: *Provided*, That any license in effect for which timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee has been made to the director secretary in conformance with the provisions of this article and the rules issued thereunder, and prior to the expiration date of the license, shall continue in effect until:

67 (A) Six months following the expiration date of the license; or

(B) The date of the revocation or suspension of the license pursuant to the provisions ofthis article; or

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(C) The date of issuance of a new license, whichever date first occurs.

71 Each license shall be issued only for the premises and persons named in the application 72 and is not transferable or assignable: Provided. That in the case of the transfer of ownership of 73 a facility with an unexpired license, the application by the proposed new owner shall be filed with 74 the director secretary no later than 30 days before the proposed date of transfer. Upon receipt of 75 proof of the transfer of ownership, the application shall have the effect of a license for three 76 months. The director secretary shall issue or deny a license within three months of the receipt of 77 the proof of the transfer of ownership. Every license shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the 78 nursing home for which it is issued so as to be accessible to and in plain view of all residents of 79 and visitors to the nursing home.

(c) A license is renewable, conditioned upon the licensee filing timely application for the
extension of the term of the license accompanied by the fee, and contingent upon evidence of
compliance with the provisions of this article and rules promulgated hereunder. Any application
for renewal of a license shall include a report by the licensee in such form and containing such
information as shall be prescribed by the director secretary, including the following:

85 (1) A balance sheet of the nursing home as of the end of its fiscal year, setting forth assets
 86 and liabilities at such date, including all capital, surplus, reserve, depreciation and similar
 87 accounts;

88 (2) A statement of operations of the nursing home as of the end of its fiscal year, setting
 89 forth all revenues, expenses, taxes, extraordinary items and other credits or charges; and

90 (3) If a nursing home is in compliance with the requirements of the health care facility
 91 financial disclosure act, as provided in article five-f, chapter sixteen of this code, it will be
 92 considered to have met the requirements established in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection
 93 (4) A <u>a</u> statement of any changes in the name, address, management, or ownership
 94 information on file with the director secretary. All holders of facility licenses as of the effective date

of this article shall include, in the first application for renewal filed thereafter, such information as
is required for initial applicants under the provisions of §16-5C-6(a) of this code.

97 (d) In the case of an application for a renewal license, if all requirements of §16-5C-5 of 98 this code are not met, the director secretary may at his or her discretion issue a provisional 99 license, provided that care given in the nursing home is adequate for resident needs and the 100 nursing home has demonstrated improvement and evidences potential for substantial compliance 101 within the term of the license: *Provided*, That a provisional license may not be issued for a period 102 greater than six months, may not be renewed, and may not be issued to any nursing home that 103 is a poor performer.

104 (e) A nonrefundable application fee in the amount of \$200 for an original nursing home 105 license shall be paid at the time application is made for the license. Direct costs of initial licensure 106 inspections or inspections for changes in licensed bed capacity shall be borne by the applicant 107 and shall be received by the director secretary prior to the issuance of an initial or amended 108 license. The license fee for renewal of a license shall be at the rate of \$15 per bed per year for 109 nursing homes, except the annual rate per bed may be assessed for licenses issued for less than 110 15 months. Annually, the director secretary may adjust the licensure fees for inflation based upon 111 the increase in the consumer price index during the last 12 months. All such license fees shall be 112 due and payable to the director secretary, annually, and in the manner set forth in the rules 113 promulgated hereunder. The fee and application shall be submitted to the director secretary who 114 shall retain both the application and fee pending final action on the application. All fees received 115 by the director secretary under the provisions of this article shall be deposited in accordance with 116 §16-1-13 of this code.

§16-5C-7. Cost disclosure; surety for resident funds.

(a) Each nursing home shall disclose in writing to all residents at the time of admission a
 complete and accurate list of all costs which may be incurred by them; and shall notify the
 residents 30 days in advance of changes in costs. The nursing home shall make available copies

of the list in the nursing home's business office for inspection. Residents may not be liable for any
cost not so disclosed.

6 (b) If the nursing home handles any money for residents within the facility, the licensee 7 or his or her authorized representative shall either: (1) Give a bond; or (2) obtain and maintain 8 commercial insurance with a company licensed in this state in an amount consistent with this 9 subsection and with the surety as the director secretary shall approve. The bond or insurance 10 shall be upon condition that the licensee shall hold separately and in trust all residents' funds 11 deposited with the licensee; shall administer the funds on behalf of the resident in the manner 12 directed by the depositor; shall render a true and complete account to the depositor and the 13 director secretary when requested, and at least guarterly to the resident; and upon termination of 14 the deposit, shall account for all funds received, expended, and held on hand. The licensee shall 15 file a bond or obtain insurance in a sum at least 1.25 times the average amount of funds deposited 16 with the nursing home during the nursing home's previous fiscal year.

17 This insurance policy shall specifically designate the resident as the beneficiary or payee 18 reimbursement of lost funds. Regardless of the type of coverage established by the facility, the 19 facility shall reimburse, within 30 days, the resident for any losses directly and seek 20 reimbursement through the bond or insurance itself. Whenever the director secretary determines 21 that the amount of any bond or insurance required pursuant to this subsection is insufficient to 22 adequately protect the money of residents which is being handled, or whenever the amount of 23 any such bond or insurance is impaired by any recovery against the bond or insurance, the 24 director secretary may require the licensee to file an additional bond or insurance in such amount 25 as necessary to adequately protect the money of residents being handled.

The provisions of this subsection do not apply if the licensee handles less than \$35 per resident per month in the aggregate. <u>Nursing homes certified to accept payment by Medicare and</u> <u>Medicaid must meet the requirements for surety bonds as listed in the applicable federal</u> <u>regulations.</u>

§16-5C-8. Investigation of complaints.

(a) The director secretary shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints
of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for
such complaints that the director secretary determines are willfully intended to harass a licensee
or are without any reasonable basis. Such procedures shall include provisions for ensuring the
confidentiality of the complainant and for promptly informing the complaint and the nursing home
involved of the results of the investigation.

(b) If, after its investigation, the director secretary determines that the complaint has merit,
the director secretary shall take appropriate disciplinary action and shall advise any injured party
of the possibility of a civil remedy.

(1) A nursing home or licensee adversely affected by an order or citation of a deficient
 practice issued pursuant to this section may request the independent informal dispute resolution
 process contained in §16-5C-12a of this code.

13 (2) No later than 20 working days following the last day of a complaint investigation, the 14 director secretary shall transmit to the nursing home a statement of deficiencies committed by the 15 facility. Notification of the availability of the independent informal dispute resolution process and 16 an explanation of the independent informal dispute resolution process shall be included in the 17 transmittal.

18 (c) No nursing home may discharge or in any manner discriminate against any resident, 19 legal representative, or employee for the reason that the resident, legal representative, or 20 employee has filed a complaint or participated in any proceeding specified in this article. Violation 21 of this prohibition by any nursing home constitutes ground for the suspension or revocation of the 22 license of the nursing home as provided in §16-5C-11 and §16-5C-12 of this code. Any type of 23 discriminatory treatment of a resident, legal representative, or employee by whom, or upon whose 24 behalf, a complaint has been submitted to the director secretary, or any proceeding instituted 25 under this article, within 120 days of the filing of the complaint or the institution of such action,

shall raise a rebuttable presumption that such action was taken by the nursing home in retaliationfor such complaint or action.

§16-5C-9. Inspections.

1 The director secretary and any duly designated employee or agent shall have the right 2 to enter upon and into the premises of any nursing home at any time for which a license has been 3 issued, for which an application for license has been filed with the director secretary, or which the 4 director secretary has reason to believe is being operated or maintained as a nursing home 5 without a license. If entry is refused by the owner or person in charge of the nursing home, the 6 director secretary may apply to the circuit court of the county in which the nursing home is located 7 or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for a warrant authorizing inspection to conduct the 8 following inspections:

9 (1) An initial inspection prior to the issuance of a license pursuant to §16-5C-6 of this
10 code;

(2) A license inspection for a nursing home, which shall be conducted at least once every
15 months, if the nursing home has not applied for and received an exemption from the
requirement as provided for in this section;

14 (3) The director secretary, by the director's secretary's authorized employees or agents, 15 shall conduct at least one inspection prior to issuance of a license pursuant to §16-5C-6 of this 16 code, and shall conduct periodic unannounced inspections thereafter, to determine compliance 17 by the nursing home with applicable rules promulgated thereunder. All facilities shall comply with 18 regulations of the State Fire Commission. The State Fire Marshal, by his or her employees or 19 authorized agents, shall make all fire, safety, and like inspections. The director secretary may 20 provide for such other inspections as the director secretary may deem necessary to carry out the 21 intent and purpose of this article. Any nursing home aggrieved by a determination or assessment 22 made pursuant to this section, shall have the right to an administrative appeal as set forth in §16-23 5C-12 of this code;

(4) A complaint inspection based on a complaint received by the director secretary. If,
after investigation of a complaint, the director secretary determines that the complaint is
substantiated, the director secretary may invoke any applicable remedies available pursuant to
§16-5C-11 of this code.

§16-5C-9a. Exemptions.

(a) The director secretary may grant an exemption from a license inspection if a nursing
 home was found to be in substantial compliance with the provisions of this chapter at its most
 recent inspection and there have been no substantiated complaints thereafter. The director
 secretary may not grant more than one exemption in any two-year period.

5 (b) The director secretary may grant an exemption to the extent allowable by federal law 6 from a standard survey, only if the nursing home was found to be in substantial compliance with 7 certification participation requirements at its previous standard survey inspection and there have 8 been no substantiated complaints thereafter.

9 (c) The director secretary may grant an exemption from periodic license inspections if a 10 nursing home receives accreditation by an accrediting body approved by the director secretary 11 and submits a complete copy of the accreditation report. The accrediting body shall identify quality 12 of care measures that assure continued quality care of residents. The director secretary may not 13 grant more than one exemption in any two-year period.

(d) If a complaint is substantiated, the director secretary has the authority to immediately
remove the exemption.

§16-5C-10. Reports of inspections; plans of correction; assessment of penalties and use of funds derived therefrom; hearings.

(a) Reports of all inspections made pursuant to <u>§16-5C-8 and</u> §16-5C-9 of this code shall
 be in writing and filed with the director secretary and shall list all deficiencies in the nursing home's
 compliance with the provisions of this article and the rules adopted hereunder.

4 (1) No later than 10 working days following the last day of the survey or inspection, the
5 director shall transmit to the nursing home a copy of such report and shall specify a time within
6 which the nursing home shall submit a plan for correction of such deficiencies.

7 (2) Additionally, notification of the availability of the independent informal dispute
8 resolution process and an explanation of the independent informal dispute resolution process
9 shall be included in the transmittal.

(3) A nursing home adversely affected by an order or citation of a deficient practice issued
pursuant to this section may request the independent informal dispute resolution process
contained in §16-5C-12a of this code.

13 (4) The plan submitted by the nursing home shall be approved, rejected, or modified by14 the director.

(5) The surveyors inspectors or the nursing home shall allow audio taping of the exit
 conference with the expense to be paid by the requesting party.

(b) With regard to a nursing home with deficiencies and upon its failure to submit a plan of correction which is approved by the director, or to correct any deficiency within the time specified in an approved plan of correction, the <u>director secretary</u> may assess civil penalties as hereinafter provided or may initiate any other legal or disciplinary action as provided by this article: *Provided*, That any action by the <u>director secretary</u> shall be stayed until federal proceedings arising from the same deficiencies are concluded.

(c) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit the director secretary from enforcing a rule, administratively or in court, without first affording formal opportunity to make correction under this section, where, in the opinion of the director secretary, the violation of the rule jeopardizes the health or safety of residents, or where the violation of the rule is the second or subsequent such violation occurring during a period of 12 full months.

(d) Civil penalties assessed against nursing home shall not be less than \$50 nor more
 than \$8,000: *Provided*, That the director secretary may not assess a penalty under state licensure

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31 a nursing home if the nursing home corrects the deficiency within 20 days of receipt of written 32 notice of the deficiency unless it is a repeat deficiency or the nursing home is a poor performer. 33 (e) In determining whether to assess a penalty, and the amount of penalty to be assessed, 34 the director secretary shall consider: 35 (1) How serious the noncompliance is in relation to direct resident care and safety: (2) The number of residents the noncompliance is likely to affect; 36 37 (3) Whether the noncompliance was noncompliance during a previous inspection; 38 (4) The opportunity the nursing home has had to correct the noncompliance; and 39 (5) Any additional factors that may be relevant. 40 (f) The range of civil penalties shall be as follows: 41 (1) For a deficiency which presents immediate jeopardy to the health, safety, or welfare 42 of one or more residents, the director secretary may impose a civil penalty of not less than \$3,000 43 nor more than \$8,000; 44 (2) For a deficiency which actually harms one or more residents, the director secretary 45 may impose a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$3,000; 46 (3) For a deficiency which has the potential to harm one or more residents, the director 47 secretary may impose a civil penalty of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,000; 48 (4) For a repeated deficiency, the director secretary may impose a civil penalty of up to 49 150 percent of the penalties provided in §16-5C-10(f)(1) through §16-5C-10(f)(3) of this code; and (5) If no plan of correction is submitted as established in this rule, a penalty may be 50 51 assessed in the amount of \$100 a day unless a reasonable explanation has been provided and 52 accepted by the director secretary. 53 (g) The director secretary shall assess a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 against an 54 individual who willfully and knowingly certifies a material and false statement in a resident 55 assessment. Such penalty shall be imposed with respect to each such resident assessment. The

for the same deficiency or violation cited under federal law and may not assess a penalty against

56 director secretary shall impose a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 against an individual who 57 willfully and knowingly causes another individual to certify a material and false statement in a 58 resident assessment. Such penalty shall be imposed with respect to each such resident 59 assessment.

(h) The director secretary shall assess a civil penalty of not more than \$2,000 against any
individual who notifies, or causes to be notified, a nursing home of the time or date on which an
inspection is scheduled to be conducted under this article or under 42 U.S.C.A. §§ 1395 *et seq.*and 1396 *et seq.*

(i) If the director secretary assesses a penalty under this section, the director secretary
shall cause delivery of notice of such penalty by personal service or by certified mail. Said notice
shall state the amount of the penalty, the action or circumstance for which the penalty is assessed,
the requirement that the action or circumstance violates, and the basis upon which the director
secretary assessed the penalty and selected the amount of the penalty.

(j) The director secretary shall, in a civil judicial proceeding, recover any unpaid assessment which has not been contested under §16-5C-12 of this code within 30 days of receipt of notice of such assessment, or which has been affirmed under the provisions of that section and not appealed within 30 days of receipt of the director's <u>Board of Review's</u> final order, or which has been affirmed on judicial review, as provided in §16-5C-13 of this code. All money collected by assessments of civil penalties or interest shall be paid into a special resident benefit account and shall be applied by the director secretary for:

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(1) The protection of the health or property of facility residents;

77 (2) Long-term care educational activities;

(3) The costs arising from the relocation of residents to other nursing homes when noother funds are available; and

80 (4) In an emergency situation in which there are no other funds available, the operation
81 of a facility pending correction of deficiencies or closure.

(k) The opportunity for a hearing on an action taken under this section shall be as provided
in §16-5C-12 of this code.

§16-5C-11. License limitation, suspension, revocation; continuation of disciplinary proceedings Ban on admissions; closure; transfer of residents; appointment of temporary management; assessment of interest; collection of assessments; promulgation of rules to conform with federal requirements. hearings

1 (a) The director secretary may reduce the bed quota of the nursing home or impose a 2 ban on new admissions, where he or she finds upon inspection of the nursing home that the 3 licensee is not providing adequate care under the nursing home's existing bed quota, and that 4 reduction in guota or ban on new admissions, or both, would place the licensee in a position to 5 render adequate care. A reduction in bed quota or a ban on new admissions, or both, may remain 6 in effect until the nursing home is determined by the director secretary to be in substantial 7 compliance with the rules. In addition, the director secretary shall determine that the facility has 8 the management capability to ensure continued substantial compliance with all applicable 9 requirements. The director secretary shall evaluate the continuation of the admissions ban or 10 reduction in bed quota on a continuing basis, and may make a partial lifting of the admissions ban or reduction in bed quota consistent with the purposes of this section. If the residents of the facility 11 12 are in immediate jeopardy of their health, safety, welfare, or rights, the director secretary may 13 seek an order to transfer residents out of the nursing home as provided for in subsection (e) of 14 this section §16-5C-11(d) of this code. Any notice to a licensee of reduction in bed quota or a ban on new admissions shall include the terms of such order, the reasons therefor, and a date set for 15 16 compliance.

(b) The director secretary may deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license issued under this
article or take other action as set forth in this section, if he or she finds upon inspection that there
has been a substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this article or the standards or rules
promulgated pursuant hereto.

21

(c) Whenever a license is limited, suspended or revoked pursuant to this section or the 22 director imposes other action set forth in this section, the director shall file a complaint stating 23 facts constituting a ground or grounds for such limitation, suspension or revocation or other action. 24 Upon the filing of the complaint, the director shall notify the licensee in writing of the filing of the 25 complaint within twenty days of exit conference, enclosing a copy of the complaint, and shall 26 advise the licensee of the availability of a hearing pursuant to section twelve of this article. Such 27 notice and copy of the complaint shall be served on such licensee by certified mail, return receipt 28 requested

29 (d) (c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order 30 of the director secretary of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for 31 a license after it has been filed with the director secretary, may not deprive the director secretary 32 of the director's secretary's authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding, or a 33 proceeding for the denial of a license application, against the licensee or applicant upon any 34 ground provided by law or to enter an order denying the license application, or suspending, or 35 revoking the license, or otherwise taking disciplinary action on any such ground.

36 (e) (d) In addition to other remedies provided in this article, upon petition from the director 37 secretary, a circuit court in the county in which a facility is located, or in Kanawha County if 38 emergency circumstances occur, may determine that a nursing home's deficiencies under this 39 article, or under 42 U.S.C.A. §§ 1395 et seq. and 1396 et seq., if applicable, constitute an 40 emergency immediately jeopardizing the health, safety, welfare, or rights of its residents, and 41 issue an order to:

42 (1) Close the nursing home;

43

44 (3) Appoint temporary management to oversee the operation of the facility and to assure 45 the health, safety, welfare, and rights of the nursing home's residents, where there is a need for 46 temporary management while:

(2) Transfer residents in the nursing home to other nursing homes; or

47 (A) There is an orderly closure of the facility; or

(B) Improvements are made in order to bring the nursing home into compliance with all
the applicable requirements of this article and, if applicable, 42 U.S.C.A. §§ 1395 *et seq.* and 1396 *et seq.*

If the director secretary petitions a circuit court for the closure of a nursing home, the transfer of residents, or the appointment of temporary management, the circuit court shall hold a hearing no later than seven days thereafter, at which time the director secretary and the licensee or operator of the nursing home may participate and present evidence. The burden of proof is on the director secretary.

A circuit court may divest the licensee or operator of possession and control of a nursing 56 57 home in favor of temporary management. The temporary management shall be responsible to 58 the court and shall have such powers and duties as the court may grant to direct all acts necessary 59 or appropriate to conserve the property and promote the health, safety, welfare, and rights of the 60 residents of the nursing home, including, but not limited to, the replacement of management and 61 staff, the hiring of consultants, the making of any necessary expenditures to close the nursing 62 home, or to repair or improve the nursing home so as to return it to compliance with applicable 63 requirements, and the power to receive, conserve, and expend funds, including Medicare, 64 Medicaid, and other payments on behalf of the licensee or operator of the nursing home. Priority 65 shall be given to expenditures for current direct resident care or the transfer of residents. 66 Expenditures other than normal operating expenses totaling more than \$20,000 shall be approved 67 by the circuit court.

The person charged with temporary management shall be an officer of the court, is not liable for conditions at the nursing home which existed or originated prior to his or her appointment, and is not personally liable, except for his or her own gross negligence and intentional acts which result in injuries to persons or damage to property at the nursing home during his or her temporary management. All compensation and per diem costs of the temporary

73 manager shall be paid by the nursing home. The costs for the temporary manager for any 30-day period may not exceed the 75th percentile of the allowable administrator's salary as reported on 74 75 the most recent cost report for the nursing home's peer group as determined by the director 76 secretary. The temporary manager shall bill the nursing home for compensation and per diem 77 costs. Within 15 days of receipt of the bill, the nursing home shall pay the bill or contest the costs 78 for which it was billed to the court. Such costs shall be recoverable through recoupment from 79 future reimbursement from the state Medicaid agency in the same fashion as a benefits 80 overpayment.

81 The temporary management shall promptly employ at least one person who is licensed 82 as a nursing home administrator in West Virginia.

83 A temporary management established for the purpose of making improvements in order 84 to bring a nursing home into compliance with applicable requirements may not be terminated until 85 the court has determined that the nursing home has the management capability to ensure 86 continued compliance with all applicable requirements, except if the court has not made such 87 determination within six months of the establishment of the temporary management, the 88 temporary management terminates by operation of law at that time, and the nursing home shall 89 be closed. After the termination of the temporary management, the person who was responsible 90 for the temporary management shall make an accounting to the court, and after deducting from 91 receipts the costs of the temporary management, expenditures, and civil penalties, and interest 92 no longer subject to appeal, in that order, any excess shall be paid to the licensee or operator of 93 the nursing home.

94 (f) (e) The assessments for penalties and for costs of actions taken under this article shall 95 have interest assessed at five percent per annum beginning 30 days after receipt of notice of such 96 assessment or 30 days after receipt of the <u>director's Board of Review's</u> final order following a 97 hearing, whichever is later. All such assessments against a nursing home that are unpaid shall 98 be added to the nursing home's licensure fee and may be filed as a lien against the property of

99 the licensee or operator of the nursing home. Funds received from such assessments shall be100 deposited as funds received in §16-5C-10 of this code.

101 (g) The director may propose additional rules and emergency rules that expand the power 102 of the director in excess of that provided in this article to the extent required to comply with federal 103 requirements, but any such rules shall expand the power of the director to the minimum extent 104 required by federal requirements. Such rules are subject to the provisions of article three, chapter 105 twenty-nine-a of this code

(h) (f) The opportunity for a hearing on an action by the director secretary taken under this
 section shall be as provided in §16-5C-12 of this code.

§16-5C-12. Administrative appeals for civil assessments License denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation.

(a) Any licensee or applicant aggrieved by an order issued pursuant to sections, five, six,
 ten or eleven of this article may request an informal and formal hearing at which the licensee or
 applicant may contest the order as contrary to law or unwarranted by the facts or both. All of the
 pertinent provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a o this code apply to and govern a formal
 hearing and the administrative procedures in connection with any formal hearing.

6 A facility or licensee adversely affected by an order or citation of a deficient practice issued 7 pursuant to this article or by a citation issued for a deficient practice pursuant to federal law may 8 request the independent informal dispute resolution process contained in section twelve a of this 9 article. A facility may contest a cited deficiency as contrary to law or unwarranted by the facts or 10 both.

- The director may impose the following prior to or during the pendency of an informal
 hearing, an independent informal dispute resolution process or of a formal hearing:
- 13 (1) A reduction in the bed quota pursuant to section eleven of this article; or

14 (2) Transfer of residents and a ban on new admissions pursuant to section eleven of this

15 article The secretary shall deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license issued if the provisions of this

16 article or if the rules promulgated pursuant to this article are violated. The secretary may revoke

17 <u>a nursing home's license and prohibit all physicians and licensed disciplines associated with that</u>

18 <u>nursing home from practicing at the nursing home location based upon an annual, periodic,</u>

19 complaint, verification, or other inspection and evaluation.

20 (b) Informal hearings shall be held within twenty working days of the director's receipt of 21 timely request for appeal, unless the licensee or applicant aggrieved by the order consents to a 22 postponement or continuance. In no event may the informal hearing occur more than thirty 23 business days after the director receives timely request for appeal. At the informal hearing, 24 neither the licensee or applicant nor the director may be represented by an attorney. Within ten 25 days of the conclusion of the informal hearing, the director shall issue an informal hearing order, 26 including a basis for the decision Before any such license is denied, limited, suspended, or 27 revoked, however, written notice shall be given to the licensee, stating the grounds for such denial, 28 limitation, suspension, or revocation.

29 (c) If the applicant or licensee requested a formal hearing only, the director and the 30 licensee shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of the Department of Health and Human 31 Resources rules of procedure for contested case hearings and declaratory rulings. If the applicant 32 or licensee also requested an informal hearing or the independent informal dispute resolution 33 process contained in section twelve a of this article, and if the order is not favorable to the 34 applicant or licensee, the director shall notify the administrative hearing examiner of the request 35 for an appeal within five business days of issuing the order An applicant or licensee has 10 working days after receipt of the order denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking a license to 36 37 request a formal hearing contesting the denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation of a license 38 under this article. If a formal hearing is requested, the applicant or licensee and the secretary shall 39 proceed in accordance with the provisions of §29A-5-1 et seq. of this code.

40 (d) If a license is denied or revoked as herein provided, a new application for license shall
 41 be considered by the secretary if, when, and after the conditions upon which the denial or

42 revocation was based have been corrected and evidence of this fact has been furnished. A new 43 license shall then be granted after proper inspection, if applicable, has been made and all 44 provisions of this article and rules promulgated pursuant to this article have been satisfied. 45 (e) If the license of a nursing home is denied, limited, suspended, or revoked, the 46 administrator or owner or lessor of the nursing home property shall cease to operate the facility 47 as a nursing home as of the effective date of the denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation. The 48 owner or lessor of the nursing home property is responsible for removing all signs and symbols 49 identifying the premises as a nursing home within 30 days. Any administrative appeal of such 50 denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation shall not stay the denial, limitation, suspension, or 51 revocation. 52 (f) Upon the effective date of the denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation, the 53 administrator of the nursing home shall advise the secretary and the Board of Pharmacy of the 54 disposition of all medications located on the premises. The disposition is subject to the supervision 55 and approval of the secretary. Medications that are purchased or held by a nursing home that is 56 not licensed may be deemed adulterated. 57 (g) The period of suspension for the license of a nursing home shall be prescribed by the 58 secretary but may not exceed one year.

§16-5C-12a. Independent informal dispute resolution.

(a) A facility or licensee adversely affected by an order or citation of a deficient practice
 issued pursuant to this article or by a citation issued for a deficient practice pursuant to federal
 law may request the independent informal dispute resolution process. A facility may contest a
 cited deficiency as contrary to law or unwarranted by the facts or both.

5 (b) The <u>director secretary</u> shall contract with <u>at least up to</u> three independent review 6 organizations to conduct an independent informal dispute resolution process for facilities. The 7 independent review organization shall be accredited by the Utilization Review Accreditation 8 Commission.

9 (c) The independent informal dispute resolution process is not a formal evidentiary 10 proceeding and utilizing the independent informal dispute resolution process does not waive the 11 facility's right to a formal hearing.

12

(d) The independent informal dispute resolution process consists of the following:

(1) No later than 10 working days following the last day of the survey or inspection, or no
later than 20 working days following the last day of a complaint investigation, the <u>director secretary</u>
shall transmit to the facility a statement of deficiencies committed by the facility. Notification of the
availability of the independent informal dispute resolution process and an explanation of the
independent informal dispute resolution process shall be included in the transmittal;

(2) When the facility returns its plan to correct the cited deficiencies to the director
 <u>secretary</u>, the facility may request in writing the independent informal dispute resolution process
 to refute the cited deficiencies;

21 (3) Within five working days of receipt of the written request for the independent informal 22 dispute resolution process made by a facility, the director secretary shall refer the request to an 23 independent review organization from the list of certified independent review organizations 24 approved by the state. The director secretary shall vary the selection of the independent review 25 organization on a rotating basis. The director secretary shall acknowledge in writing to the facility 26 that the request for independent review has been received and forwarded to an independent 27 review organization for review. The notice shall include the name and address of the independent 28 review organization.

(4) Within 10 working days of receipt of the written request for the independent informal
dispute resolution process made by a facility, the independent review organization shall hold an
independent informal dispute resolution conference unless additional time is requested by the
facility. Before the independent informal dispute resolution conference, the facility may submit
additional information.

(5) The facility may not be accompanied by counsel during the independent informal
 dispute resolution conference. The manner in which the independent informal dispute resolution
 conference is held is at the discretion of the facility, but is limited to:

37 (A) A desk review of written information submitted by the facility; or

38 (B) A telephonic conference; or

39 (C) A face-to-face conference held at the facility or a mutually agreed upon location.

40 (6) If the independent review organization determines the need for additional information,
41 clarification, or discussion after conclusion of the independent informal dispute resolution
42 conference, the director and the facility shall present the requested information.

43 (7) Within 10 calendar days of the independent informal dispute resolution conference,
44 the independent review organization shall provide and make a determination, based upon the
45 facts and findings presented, and shall transmit a written decision containing the rationale for its
46 determination to the facility and the director.

(8) If the director secretary disagrees with the determination, the director secretary may
reject the determination made by the independent review organization and shall issue an order
setting forth the rationale for the reversal of the independent review organization's decision to the
facility within 10 calendar days of receiving the independent review organization's determination.
(9) If the director secretary accepts the determination, the director secretary shall issue

an order affirming the independent review organization's determination within 10 calendar daysof receiving the independent review organization's determination.

(10) If the independent review organization determines that the original statement of deficiencies should be changed as a result of the independent informal dispute resolution process and the director secretary accepts the determination, the director secretary shall transmit a revised statement of deficiencies to the facility within 10 calendar days of the independent review organization's determination.

(11) Within 10 calendar days of receipt of the director's secretary's order and the revised
statement of deficiencies, the facility shall submit a revised plan to correct any remaining
deficiencies to the director secretary.

62 (e) A facility has 10 calendar days after receipt of the director's <u>secretary's</u> order to 63 request a formal hearing for any deficient practice cited under this article. If the facility requests a 64 formal hearing, the <u>director secretary</u> and the facility shall proceed in accordance with the 65 provisions of §29A-5-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(f) Under the following circumstances, the facility is responsible for certain costs of the
independent informal dispute resolution review, which shall be remitted to the director secretary
within 60 days of the informal hearing order:

(1) If the facility requests a face-to-face conference, the facility shall pay any costs
incurred by the independent review organization that exceed the cost of a telephonic conference,
regardless of which part ultimately prevails.

(2) If the independent review organization's decision supports the originally written contested deficiency or adverse action taken by the director, the facility shall reimburse the director <u>secretary</u> for the cost charged by the independent review organization. If the independent review organization's decision supports some of the originally written contested deficiencies, but not all of them, the facility shall reimburse the <u>director</u> <u>secretary</u> for the cost charged by the independent review organization on a pro rata basis.

(g) The director shall report to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability during the July interim meetings in 2013 on the informal dispute resolution process. This report shall at a minimum include the number of times the informal dispute resolution process is requested, the result of the process, and the number of times the director does not agree and changes the determination of the independent review organization

§16-5C-13. Judicial Review.

1	Any licensee adversely affected by an order of the director rendered after a hearing held
2	in accordance with the provisions of section twelve of this article is entitled to judicial review
3	thereof. All of the pertinent provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
4	code shall apply to and govern with like effect as if the provisions of said section four were set
5	forth in extensor in this section.
6	(a) Any applicant or licensee who is dissatisfied with the decision of the formal hearing as
7	a result of the hearing provided for in §16-5C-12 of this code may, within 30 days after receiving
8	notice of the decision, petition the Circuit Court of Kanawha County, in term or in vacation, for
9	judicial review of the decision.
10	(b) The court may affirm, modify, or reverse the decision of the Board of Review and
11	either the applicant, licensee, or secretary may appeal from the court's decision to the Supreme
12	Court of Appeals.

(c) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified
 on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6-1 *et seq.* of this code.

§16-5C-14. Legal counsel and services of the director department.

(a) Legal counsel and services for the director department in all administrative hearings
may be provided by the Attorney General or a staff attorney and all proceedings in any circuit
court and the Supreme Court of Appeals shall be provided by the Attorney General, or his or her
assistants, or an attorney employed by the director department in proceedings in any circuit court,
by the prosecuting attorney of the county as well, all without additional compensation.

6 (b) The Governor may appoint counsel for the director department, who shall perform 7 such legal services in representing the interests of residents in nursing homes in matters under 8 the jurisdiction of the director secretary as the Governor shall direct. It shall be the duty of such

9 counsel to appear for the residents in all cases where they are not represented by counsel. The10 compensation of such counsel shall be fixed by the Governor.

§16-5C-15. Unlawful acts; penalties; injunctions; private right of action.

11 (a) Whoever advertises, announces establishes, or maintains, or is engaged in 12 establishing or maintaining a nursing home without a license granted under §16-5C-6, or who 13 prevents, interferes with or impedes in any way the lawful enforcement of this article is guilty of a 14 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not 15 more than \$100, or by confinement in jail for a period of not more than 90 days, or by both fine 16 and confinement, at the discretion of the court. For each subsequent offense, the fine may be 17 increased to not more than \$250, with confinement in jail for a period of not more than 90 days, 18 or by both fine and confinement, at the discretion of the court. Each day of a continuing violation 19 after conviction is considered a separate offense.

20 (b) The director secretary may in his or her discretion bring an action to enforce 21 compliance with this article or any rule or order hereunder whenever it appears to the director 22 secretary that any person has engaged in, or is engaging in, an act or practice in violation of this 23 article or any rule or order hereunder, or whenever it appears to the director secretary that any 24 person has aided, abetted or caused, or is aiding, abetting or causing, such an act or practice. 25 Upon application by the director secretary, the circuit court of the county in which the conduct has 26 occurred or is occurring, or if emergency circumstances occur the circuit court of Kanawha 27 County, has jurisdiction to grant without bond a permanent or temporary injunction, decree or 28 restraining order.

Whenever the director secretary has refused to grant or renew a license, or has revoked a license required by law to operate or conduct a nursing home, or has ordered a person to refrain from conduct violating the rules of the <u>director secretary</u>, and the person has appealed the action of the <u>director secretary</u>, the court may, during pendency of the appeal, issue a restraining order or injunction upon proof that the operation of the nursing home or its failure to comply with the

order of the director <u>secretary</u> adversely affects the well being or safety of the residents of the nursing home. Should a person who is refused a license or the renewal of a license to operate or conduct a nursing home or whose license to operate is revoked or who has been ordered to refrain from conduct or activity which violates the rules of the <u>director secretary</u> fails to appeal or should the appeal be decided favorably to the <u>director secretary</u>, then the court shall issue a permanent injunction upon proof that the person is operating or conducting a nursing home without a license as required by law, or has continued to violate the rules of the <u>director secretary</u>.

41 (c) Any nursing home that deprives a resident of any right or benefit created or established 42 for the well-being of this resident by the terms of any contract, by any state statute or rule, or by 43 any applicable federal statute or regulation, shall be liable to the resident for injuries suffered as 44 a result of such deprivation. Upon a finding that a resident has been deprived of such a right or 45 benefit, and that the resident has been injured as a result of such deprivation, and unless there is 46 a finding that the nursing home exercised all care reasonably necessary to prevent and limit the 47 deprivation and injury to the resident, compensatory damages shall be assessed in an amount 48 sufficient to compensate the resident for such injury. In addition, where the deprivation of the right 49 or benefit is found to have been willful or in reckless disregard of the lawful rights of the resident, 50 punitive damages may be assessed. A resident may also maintain an action pursuant to this 51 section for any other type of relief, including injunctive and declaratory relief, permitted by law. 52 Exhaustion of any available administrative remedies is not required prior to commencement of 53 suit under this subsection.

(d) The amount of damages recovered by a resident, in an action brought pursuant to this
section, is exempt for purposes of determining initial or continuing eligibility for medical assistance
under §9-4-1 *et seq.* of this code, and may neither be taken into consideration, nor required to be
applied toward the payment or part payment of the cost of medical care or services available
under that article.

(e) Any waiver by a resident or his or her legal representative of the right to commencean action under this section, whether oral or in writing, is void as contrary to public policy.

61 (f) The penalties and remedies provided in this section are cumulative and are in addition62 to all other penalties and remedies provided by law.

(g) Nothing in this section or any other section of the code shall limit the protections
afforded nursing homes or their health care providers under §55-7b-1 *et seq.* of this code. Nursing
homes and their health care providers shall be treated in the same manner as any other health
care facility or health care provider under §55-7b-1 *et seq.* of this code. The terms "health care
facility" and "health care provider" as used in this subsection shall have the same meaning as set
forth in §55-7b-2(f) and (g) of this code.

(h) The amendments to this section enacted during the 2013 Regular Session of the Legislature shall be effective July 1, 2013: *Provided*, That there shall be no inference, either positive or negative, to any legal action pending pursuant to this section as of July 1, 2013. The amendments to this section in 2013 are not in any way intended to modify, change, expand or contract the Medical Professional Liability Act The proper construction of this section and the limitations and provisions of §55-7b-1 *et seq*. of this code shall be determined by principles of statutory construction.

§16-5C-16. Availability of reports and records.

1 [Repealed.]

§16-5C-17. Licenses and rules in force.

1 [Repealed.]

§16-5C-18. Separate accounts for residents' personal funds; consent for use; records; penalties.

(a) Each nursing home subject to the provisions of this article shall hold in a separate
 account and in trust each resident's personal funds deposited with the nursing home.

3 (b) No person may use or cause to be used for any purpose the personal funds of any
4 resident admitted to any such nursing home unless consent for the use thereof has been obtained
5 from the resident or from a committee or guardian or relative.

6 (c) Each nursing home shall maintain a true and complete record of all receipts for any 7 disbursements from the personal funds account of each resident in the nursing home, including 8 the purpose and payee of each disbursement, and shall render a true account of such record to 9 the resident or his or her representative upon demand and upon termination of the resident's stay 10 in the nursing home.

(d) Any person or corporation who violates any subsection of this section is guilty of a
misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned in
jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

(e) Reports provided to review organizations are confidential unless inaccessibility of
 information interferes with the <u>director's secretary's</u> ability to perform his or her oversight function
 as mandated by federal regulations and this section.

(f) Notwithstanding §16-5C-18(b) of this code or any other provision of this code, upon the death of a resident, any funds remaining in his or her personal account shall be made payable to the person or probate jurisdiction administering the estate of said resident: *Provided*, That if after 30 days there has been no qualification over the decedent resident's estate, those funds are presumed abandoned and are reportable to the State Treasurer pursuant to the West Virginia Uniform Unclaimed Property Act, §36-8-1 *et seq*. of this code.

§16-5C-20. Hospice palliative care required to be offered.

1 (a) When the health status of a nursing home facility resident declines to the state of 2 terminal illness or when the resident receives a physician's order for "comfort measures only", the 3 facility shall notify the resident with information about the option of receiving hospice palliative 4 care. If a nursing home resident is incapacitated, the facility shall also notify any person who has 5 been given the authority of guardian, a medical power of attorney, or health care surrogate over

6 the resident, information stating that the resident has the option of receiving hospice palliative7 care.

8 (b) The facility shall document that it has notified the resident, and any person who has 9 been given a medical power of attorney or health care surrogate over the resident, information 10 about the option of hospice palliative care and maintain the documentation so that the director 11 secretary may inspect the documentation, to verify the facility has complied with this section.

§16-5C-21. Employment restrictions.

(a) Notwithstanding a legislative rule or provider manual issued by the department, a
 person cannot be employed by a nursing home unless granted a variance by the secretary, or his
 or her designee, if convicted of:

4 (1) Abduction or kidnapping;

- 5 (2) Any violet felony crime including, but not limited to, rape, sexual assault, homicide,
- 6 felonious physical assault or felonious battery;
- 7 (3) Child or adult abuse or neglect;
- 8 (4) Crimes which involve the exploitation of a child or an incapacitated adult;
- 9 (5) Felony domestic battery or domestic assault;
- 10 (6) Felony arson;
- 11 (7) Felony or misdemeanor crime against a child or incapacitated adult which causes
- 12 harm;
- 13 (8) Felony drug-related offenses;
- 14 (9) Felony driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol;
- 15 (10) Hate crimes;
- 16 (11) Murder or manslaughter;
- 17 (12) Neglect or abuse by a caregiver;
- 18 (13) Pornography crimes involving children or incapacitated adults including, but not
- 19 limited to, use of minors or incapacitated adults in filming sexual explicit conduct, distribution and

20 exhibition of material depicting minors or incapacitated adults in sexually explicit conduct or

21 sending, distributing, exhibiting, possessing, displaying or transporting material by a parent,

22 guardian or custodian, depicting a minor or incapacitated adult engaged in sexually explicit

23 conduct;

24 (14) Purchase or sale of a child;

25 (15) Sexual offenses including, but not limited to, incest, sexual abuse or indecent
 26 exposure;

27 (16) Felony or misdemeanor involving financial exploitation of a minor or elderly person;
 28 or

(17) Felony offense related to fraud, theft, embezzlement, breach of fiduciary
 responsibility or other financial misconduct in connection with the delivery of a health care item or
 service, or with respect to any act or omission in a health care program operated or financed, in
 whole or in part, by any federal, state or local government agency; or

33 (18) Any criminal offense related to the delivery of an item or service under Medicare or
 34 a state health care program.

35 (b) The secretary shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with article 36 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to allow persons to appeal decisions, demonstrate 37 rehabilitation, request a review of their initial negative determinations and to implement any 38 variance procedure as may be required by state or federal law <u>All personnel of a nursing home</u> 39 by virtue of ownership, employment, engagement, or agreement with a provider or contractor shall 40 be subject to the provisions of the West Virginia Clearance for Access: Registry and Employment

41 <u>Screening Act, §16-49-1 et seq. of this code and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto.</u>

§16-5C-22. Jury trial waiver to be a separate document.

(a) Every written agreement containing a waiver of a right to a trial by jury that is entered
 into between a nursing home and a person for the nursing care of a resident, must have as a
 separate and stand alone document any waiver of a right to a trial by jury.

- 4 (b) Nothing in this section may be construed to require a court of competent jurisdiction
- 5 to determine that the entire agreement or any portion thereof is enforceable, unenforceable,
- 6 conscionable, or unconscionable.
- 7 (c) This section applies to all agreements entered into on or after January 1, 2015

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to update references to the secretary and bureau within the agency responsible for regulating nursing homes. This bill also updates the reference to the code of state rules for contested cases, updates the due process procedure, and makes technical cleanup.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.